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The Daily Courant.

Saturday, November 6 1703.

From the Paris Gazettes, dated October 20 and 27. *which came through the Neutral Countries.*

From Strasburg, October 8. *and from the Camp before* Landau, October 16.

ON the 26th of September, the Marſhal de Tallard arriv'd at Strasburg from Briſac, having left the Army to be conducted by the Count de Marſin, who on the 27th encamp'd near Fort Kehl. The ſame day the Baggage was begun to be brought over the Rhine, and the Army filed off over the Bridge of Strasburg into Alſace. On the 29th a great Number of laden Boats fell down the River from Strasburg for Fort Louis, and were follow'd by others afterwards at different times. On the 30th in the Morning, the Army from Briſac, being joyn'd by thoſe that guarded the Canal of Molſheim during the Siege of Briſac, march'd in 2 ſeparate Bodies, that on the Right being led by the Marqueſs de Hautefort, and that on the Left by the Count de Marcin, taking their way to Brumpt on the Sorr, where they encamp'd. The Army, detain'd 3 days at Brumpt by the Rains, continued their March towards Haguenau. Which they left on the 6th and advanc'd to Sultz on the little River Seltzbach, half way between Haguenau and Weiſſembourg. On the 8th they march'd beyond Weiſſembourg to Kalſweiſer on the River Otterbach; The following Night the Marqueſs de Hautefort who march'd down along the Rhine with 12 Battallions and the Regiments of Dragoons of Hautefort and Vaſſe, gave Intelligence to the Marſhal de Tallard, that the Enemies had a Bridge defended with 2 Redoubts guarded by 4 Battallions at Hagenbach a League below Lauterburg. The Marſhal ſent Order to attack them on the 9th at break of day, ſignifying at the ſame time that he would be there in Perſon. But when the Diſpoſitions for the Attack were going to be begun, it was found the Enemy was retir'd, that they had quitted the Redoubts, and had broken down the Bridge. The ſame day the Army encamp'd at Rorbach on the Wirbach near Billickum, where laſt Year the King of the Romans had his Head Quarters, a League and an half from Landau. That Place could not be inveſted before, becauſe a great part of the Army was employ'd to cover the Artillery and the Baggage which made a Train of 8 Leagues long, marching cloſe one behind the other, in great Order: For beſides the Artillery, about 4000 Waggons were taken up for this Expedition, and 14000 Pioneers attended the Army to be employ'd in carrying on the Works in the Siege. On the 10th Landau was inveſted by the Count de Marcin, with 15 Battallions and 30 Squadrons.. On the 11th and 12th the reſt of the Army came before the Place, and immediately the Lines of Circumvallation were begun. On the 12th likewiſe the heavy Cannon and Mortars arriv'd at Impflingen, between Billickum and Landau; and on the 14th all the Waggons loaded with Ammunition and Proviſions arriv'd in the Camp. The Deſerters all agree that the Garriſon of Landau conſiſts of 4000 Foot and 500 Horſe and Dragoons; commanded by the Count de Friſe. On the 13th the Marſhal de Tallard had Advice, that a Body of the Enemies of 1000 or 1200 Men, who had retir'd ſtill as the King's Army advanc'd, had taken Poſt in the Lines of Speyrbach, 2 Leagues and an half from Landau, which Lines were made by the Direction of Prince Lewis of Baden when the War began in Italy; that they deſign'd to defend them, and that to enable them ſo to do, they were to be reinforc'd by 4 Regiments of Cavalry and 2 of Infantry from the Camp at Stohlhoffen, and by all the Militia of the Palatinat. He judg'd he ought not to give them time to take too faſt a footing there, and that ſuch a Barrier ought to be wreſted from them, becauſe if they were ſuffer'd to keep it they might incommode his Camp, and hinder his penetrating into the Palatinat. Wherefore on the 15th in the Morning he detach'd the Marqueſs de Courtebonne, with about 2500 Horſe and Foot: The Sieur de Miane Lieutenant Collonel of the Regiment of Dragoons of Peſeux, attack'd and forc'd the Barrier of the Lines, being ſupported by the Sieur de Maronniere a Captain of the Regiment of Cravates. The Enemy believing at firſt that they were only a Guard to ſome Forragers, got into the little Town of Neuſtadt, hoping to eſcape and carry off their Baggage out of the Gate on the other ſide of the Town, but the diligence of the Sieur de Maine prevented them, for he cut off their paſſage out of that Gate and made them keep in the Town. A little after the Foot came up, and then the Enemy were ſo much ſurpriz'd that they yielded themſelves Priſoners of War. This Action coſt but 30 Men kill'd or wounded, whereas of the Enemy 160 were kill'd, and 600 Soldiers and 35 Officers made Priſoners, among them an old Collonel of Huſſars nam'd Schonkebeck. There was alſo taken 3 Standards, between 6 and 700 Horſes, and all their Baggage. Theſe Troops conſiſted of the Regiment of Dragoons of Vehlen, of 200 Men detach'd out of other Regiments, all belonging to the Elector Palatin, and of ſome Huſſars. After this Exploit the Marqueſs de Courtebonne detach'd the Count de Vaillac to attack the Poſt of Marientraut on the Spyerbach, a League and a half above Spires. Which, taken, renders the Marſhal de Tallard, who had before put a Garriſon into Germerſheim, Maſter of all the Country as far down as 3 Leagues below the River Queiche. The Trenches were open'd before Landau on the 18th or 19th.

There is no later printed Account of this Siege from Paris. *Nor any Letters from thence of a freſher Date than the* Gazette *of the 27th of* October *from whence moſt of the foregoing Article is taken.*

Plymouth, November 2. Yeſterday came in Her Majeſty's Ship the Southampton from Spithead, with ſeveral Merchant Ships bound our, &c. under her Convoy.

Milford, November 2. To day arriv'd here a Merchant Ship from New-England, by which there is Advice, that the French having got into a Body

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and joyn'd with the Indians, are likely to grow troubleſome to the Engliſh in that Country.

Hull, November 3. On Friday laſt came a Letter to Town from Scotland, giving advice that the Remainder of the Eaſt-Country Fleet with their two Convoys is at Leith,and ſome in Holy Iſland by contrary Winds; here are three Men of War for Amſterdam with a Fleet of 16 Sail of Merchant Ships; and Her Majeſty's Ship the Rocheſter Prize with a Fleet of 50 Sail for London, four of which are bound for Portugal. A French Privateer took off here two ſmall Veſſels and ſet ſome Men aſhore near Filgay Bay, and carried of ſeveral Sheep.

London, November 5. This Evening came in the Mail from Holland of Friday laſt, which brings the following Advices.

From Turin they write, that the Duke of Savoy had ſent ſome of his Forces from Turin towards Ivrea, and on the 23d in the Morning went thither after them himſelf.

The Duke of Vendome was at Caſal in the Dutchy of Montferrat on the 20th of October.

They write from Vienna,that they had News from Italy, that General Viſconti with 1600 Horſe, was marching through Parma and Piacenza towards Alexandria, in order to joyn the Troops of Savoy.

The Letters from Leghorne of the 19th of October adviſe, that the Engliſh and Dutch Fleet ſail'd from thence on the 13th towards Corſica, and that on the 19th an Engliſh Veſſel arriv'd there, who reported that ſhe left the ſaid Fleet off Cape Corſo.

From the Amſterdam Courant, dated Nov. 10.

Frankfort, Nov. 4. Three days ago a Lieutenant came out of Landau to the Count van Vehlen,bringing with him the Hand and Seal of the Count de Friſe, to warrant the Truth of what he ſhould report; which was, that in the great Sally made by the Beſiegers, (mention'd in our former) they nail'd up 18 Cannon and carry'd off 3 into the City; And that the French have but 2 Pieces of Artillery on each of their Batteries that are not render'd unſerviceable, ſo that they are forc'd to ſend for more from Strasburg and Fort Louis, which becauſe of the deepneſs of the Roads cannot be brought to them without the utmoſt difficulty. The Governour order'd the ſaid Lieutenant to aſſure Count Vehlen, that he reckons he can defend the Place 3 Weeks longer. This Lieutenant is gone back again with Aſſurance to the Governour from the Count of Naſſau Weylburg,that the Troops which are deſign'd to endeavour to oblige the French to raiſe the Siege are all on their march.

Other Advices from Frankfort of the 4th of November ſay, that the French had not advanc'd their Approaches within 30 Paces of the Counterſcarp on the 1ſt inſtant. And that they had but 26 ſerviceable Cannon on their Batteries. That the Fortifications of the Town are not much damag'd; and that the Beſieged have loſt but 200 Men hitherto.

Cologne, Nov. 6. The Body of Troops under the Prince of Heſſe Caſſel, will be at Coblentz to day or tomorrow, where they will paſs the Moſelle. The Troops led by Monſieur de Pracontal are likewiſe advanc'd towards the Moſelle.

Not Acted theſe Twenty Years.

AT the Theatre Royal in *Drury-Lane*, this preſent *Saturday* being the 6th of *November*, will be preſented a Revis'd Tragedy, call'd, *Love and Danger*, or, *The Miſtaken Jealouſie*. Beginning at Five a Clock.

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THE ſo Famed Strops for Setting Raiſors and Pen-knives, inſtead of a Hoan, are ſtill to be Sold at *Jacob's* Coffee-Houſe in *Threadneedle-ſtreet* near the Royal Exchange.

†‡† A Doctor in Phyſick, Cures all the *Degrees, and Indiſpoſitions, in Venereal Perſons; and by a moſt eaſie, ſafe, and expeditious Method: He likewiſe gives his Advice in all Diſeaſes, and Preſcribes a Cure.* *Dr.* Harborough *(a Graduate Phyſician)* in Great Knight-Riders-Street, *near* Doctors-Commons.

On *Monday* the 15th of this inſtant *November* will be publiſh'd by *A.* and *J. Churchill* Bookſeller in *Peter-Noſter-Row.*

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